

# Australian Curriculum and *Picture Dictionary for ESL Beginners*

As outlined in the Australian Curriculum, English as a second language (ESL), English as an additional language (EAL), and English as an additional dialect (EAD) learners are simultaneously learning a new language as well as the knowledge, understanding and skills related to each curriculum and subject area. *Picture Dictionary for ESL Beginners* provides a great support for those needing to see Australian examples and hear commonly used words with an Australian pronunciation. These learners represent a significant and growing percentage of learners in Australian schools may enter school at different ages and stages of schooling and at different stages of English language learning.

*Picture Dictionary* is an ideal resource for teachers and learners in upper primary and secondary years of the Australian curriculum, in three main ways.

- 1 It provides an interactive way for students to improve their literacy across the curriculum as a general capability, within any subject. The words and accompanied pictures in *Picture Dictionary* cover a wide range of topics that are relevant in a variety of subjects.
- 2 It is a useful audio and visual tool for teachers to support a learning pathway for their students who are working within the ESL scales outcomes, especially in regard to scales for Oral Interaction: 5.2, 6.2, 7.2, 8.2.
- 3 It may be used to support outcomes and content throughout the *English K–10 Syllabus*. Details are outlined below.

## Stage 2

# Objective A Speaking and listening 1

#### A student:

 communicates in a range of informal and formal contexts by a group, classroom, school and community contexts EN2-1A

#### Students:

 use interaction skills, including active listening behaviours and communicate in a clear, coherent manner using a variety of everyday and learned vocabulary and appropriate tone, pace, pitch and volume (ACELY1688, ACELY1792)

### Objective A Speaking and listening 2

#### A student:

 identifies the effect of purpose and audience on spoken texts, distinguishes between different forms of English and identifies organisational patterns and features EN2-6B

#### Students:

 understand the use of vocabulary in discussing and presenting spoken texts in familiar and unfamiliar contexts



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# Objective B Grammar, punctuation and vocabulary

#### A student:

 uses effective and accurate sentence structure, grammatical features, punctuation conventions and vocabulary relevant to the type of text when responding to and composing texts EN2-9B

#### **Students**

• identify a variety of connectives in texts to indicate time, to add information and to clarify understanding

#### Stage 3

# **Objective A Spelling**

#### A student:

• draws on appropriate strategies to accurately spell familiar and unfamiliar words when composing texts EN3-4A

#### Students:

 understand that the pronunciation, spelling and meanings of words have histories and change over time (ACELA1500)

# Objective B Grammar, punctuation and vocabulary

#### A student:

 uses knowledge of sentence structure, grammar, punctuation and vocabulary to respond to and compose clear and cohesive texts in different media and technologies EN3-6B

#### Students:

 understand the use of vocabulary to express greater precision of meaning, and know that words can have different meanings in different contexts (ACELA1512)

# Stage 4

#### **Objective B Outcome 1**

#### A student:

 responds to and composes texts for understanding, interpretation, critical analysis, imaginative expression and pleasure EN4-1A

#### Students

recognise that vocabulary choices contribute to the specificity, abstraction and style of texts (ACELA1547)

# ESL scales links to the English syllabus

The levels on the *ESL scales* needed to achieve this English syllabus outcome are **Writing** level 7, Reading and Responding level 7 and Oral Interaction level 8.



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# Stage 5

# **Objective B Outcome 3**

#### A student:

 selects and uses language forms, features and structures of texts appropriate to a range of purposes, audiences and contexts, describing and explaining their effects on meaning EN5-3B

#### **Students**

• refine vocabulary choices to discriminate between shades of meaning, with deliberate attention to the effect on audiences (ACELA1571)